Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander women and girls hold the knowledge and experience to create the systemic change required to enhance the health and wellbeing of First Nations women, girls, families and communities.



YI,UUU

3.8%

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander women.*

This represents **3.8%** of women in Australia.

*It is important to note that First Nations people are undercounted in census data, so this number may be higher.

Country and Connection Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander women are vital to cultural continuity:

participate in, watch or attend cultural events or activities.

aged 15 years and over recognise a geographic area as their homelands or Country. identify with clan, tribal or language groups.









Health and Wellbeing

Life expectancy for Indigenous women (75.6 years) is almost

8 years shorter

than non-Indigenous women in Australia.

Among babies born to Indigenous women, **14% are born preterm** compared to 8% of babies born to non-Indigenous women.



Indigenous – 14% Non-Indigenous – 8%



24% live with a disability.

Indigenous-led health programmes lead to dramatically better outcomes, like the **'Birthing On Our Country'** initiative which reduced the proportion of preterm birth for women in the programme from **14.3% to 8.9%**.

14.3% € 8.9%

Within the Legal System Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander women and girls are:

21.2x 🕢

The fastest growing prison population,

imprisoned at 21.2 times the rate of non-Indigenous women.

5X more likely to be charged for minor, non-violent offences and receive harsher sentences than non-Indigenous women.



15.7x 👁

more likely than non-Indigenous women to be held in custody while awaiting trial. This is higher than the rate experienced by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander men.

Ongoing contact with the justice system drives cycles of re-incarceration.



First Nations children and young people are imprisoned at 26 times the rate of non-Indigenous children and young people.







Education, Employment and Carework

There are twice as many female Indigenous higher education students as male students.





Indigenous women make up the majority of Indigenous enrolments in higher degrees by research (such as doctorates or masters by research).

However... this does not translate into long-term meaningful employment.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander women have substantially lower rates of workforce participation than Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander men.



Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander women are more likely to take time out of paid work to care for family than Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander men and non-Indigenous Australians.









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